# EEE110 Computer Programming

Files and Exceptions & Lists and Tuples

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EEE110 Computer Programming

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# Files Reading Data from a File def main(): # Open a file named philosophers.txt. infile = open('philosophers.txt', 'r') # Read the file's contents. file\_contents = infile.read() # Close the file. infile.close() # Print the data that was read into memory. print(file\_contents) main() EEE110 Computer Programming

```
Files
Writing Data to a File
def main():
    # Open a file named philosophers.txt.
    outfile = open('philosophers.txt', 'w')
    # Write the names of three philosphers to the file.
    outfile.write('John Locke\n')
    outfile.write('David Hume\n')
    outfile.write('Edmund Burke\n')
    # Close the file.
    outfile.close()
main()
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```

```
Files
Reading One Line at a Time
def main():
    infile = open('philosophers.txt', 'r')
    line1 = infile.readline()
    line2 = infile.readline()
    line3 = infile.readline()
    infile.close()
    print(line1)
    print(line2)
    print(line3)
main()
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```

```
Files
Writing Names
def main():
    print('Enter the names of three friends.')
    name1 = input('Friend #1: ')
    name2 = input('Friend #2: ')
    name3 = input('Friend #3: ')
    myfile = open('friends.txt', 'w')
    myfile.write(name1 + '\n')
    myfile.write(name2 + '\n')
    myfile.write(name3 + '\n')
    myfile.close()
    print('The names were written to friends.txt.')
main()
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```

```
Writing Numeric Data
def main():
    outfile = open('numbers.txt', 'w')

    num1 = int(input('Enter a number: '))
    num2 = int(input('Enter another number: '))
    num3 = int(input('Enter another number: '))

    outfile.write(str(num1) + '\n')
    outfile.write(str(num2) + '\n')
    outfile.write(str(num3) + '\n')

    outfile.close()
    print('Data written to numbers.txt')

main()

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```

```
Files
Reading a String and Stripping the Newline from It
def main():
    infile = open('philosophers.txt', 'r')
    line1 = infile.readline()
    line2 = infile.readline()
    line3 = infile.readline()
    line1 = line1.rstrip('\n')
    line2 = line2.rstrip('\n')
    line3 = line3.rstrip('\n')
    infile.close()
    print(line1)
    print(line2)
    print(line3)
main()
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```

```
Reading Numeric Data

def main():
    infile = open('numbers.txt', 'r')

    num1 = int(infile.readline())
    num2 = int(infile.readline())
    num3 = int(infile.readline())

    infile.close()

    total = num1 + num2 + num3

    print('The numbers are:', num1, num2, num3)
    print('Their total is:', total)

main()

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```

#### Files



#### Files



# Using for Loops for Reading from a File

```
def main():
    sales_file = open('sales.txt', 'r')

for line in sales_file:
    amount = float(line)
    print(format(amount, '.2f'))

sales_file.close()

main()
```

#### Files



## Using while Loops for Reading from a File

```
def main():
    sales_file = open('sales.txt', 'r')

line = sales_file.readline()

while line != '':
    amount = float(line)
    print(format(amount, '.2f'))
    line = sales_file.readline()

sales_file.close()
```

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Files



### Question 1. Working with Files (15 minutes)

Adana Demirspor is a football club founded in 1940 by local railway workers in Adana and the club has been still competing in Turkish Super League to participate in the European Cup for the football season 2022-2023.

Assume that result of a football match is evaluated as three points for a win, one point for a draw, and no points for a defeat.

Design a Python program that allows user to enter the result (in points) of each match of Adana Demirspor. The results shall be saved to a file. Next, the program shall read the contents of the file, display the results (in points), and then show the total points that Adana Demirspor gets.

#### Files



```
Solution 1/2
def write():
    num_games = int(input('How many games did Adana Demirspor
    write_file = open('ADS.txt', 'w')
    print('Enter the results (in points) for each game.')
    for count in range(1, num_games + 1):
        result = int(input('Game #' + str(count) + ': '))
        write file.write(str(result) + '\n')
    write file.close()
    print('The results have been saved to ADS.txt.')
write()
```

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Exceptions

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```
Division
def main():
    num1 = 1 #int(input('Enter a number: '))
   num2 = 0 #int(input('Enter another number: '))
    result = num1 / num2
   print(num1, 'divided by', num2, 'is', result)
main()
## Error in py_call_impl(callable, dots$args, dots$keywords):
##
## Detailed traceback:
   File "<string>", line 1, in <module>
   File "<string>", line 4, in main
```

```
Files
Solution 2/2
def read():
    read_file = open('ADS.txt', 'r')
    total = 0
    count = 0
    print('The results in ADS.txt file:')
    for line in read_file:
        pts = int(line)
         count += 1
        print('Game #' + str(count) + ': ', pts)
         total += pts
    print('Total points that Adana Demirspor got:', total)
    read_file.close()
read()
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```

## Exceptions



```
Division
def main():
    num1 = 1 #int(input('Enter a number: '))
    num2 = 0 #int(input('Enter another number: '))
    if num2 != 0:
        result = num1 / num2
        print(num1, 'divided by', num2, 'is', result)
    else:
        print('Cannot divide by zero.')
main()
## Cannot divide by zero.
```

### Lists and Tuples



```
Assigning the Elements of a List
NUM DAYS = 5
def main():
    sales = [0] * NUM_DAYS
    index = 0
    print('Enter the sales for each day.')
    while index < NUM DAYS:
        print('Day #', index + 1, ': ', sep='', end='')
        sales[index] = float(input())
        index += 1
    print('Here are the values you entered:')
    for value in sales:
        print(value)
main()
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```

# Lists and Tuples



```
List Methods: append()
def main():
    name_list = []
    again = 'Y'
    while again.upper() == 'Y':
        name = input('Enter a name: ')
        name_list.append(name)
        print('Do you want to add another name?')
        again = input('y = yes, anything else = no: ')
        print()
    print('Here are the names you entered.')
    for name in name_list:
        print(name)
main()
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```

## Lists and Tuples



```
Finding Items in Lists
def main():
    prod nums = ['V475', 'F987', 'Q143', 'R688']
    search = input('Enter a product number: ')
    if search in prod_nums:
        print(search, 'was found in the list.')
    else:
        print(search, 'was not found in the list.')
main()
```

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# Lists and Tuples



## List Methods: index()

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```
def main():
    food = ['Pizza', 'Burgers', 'Chips']
    print('Here are the items in the food list:')
    print(food)
    item = input('Which item should I change? ')
    try:
        item index = food.index(item)
        new_item = input('Enter the new value: ')
        food[item_index] = new_item
        print('Here is the revised list:')
        print(food)
    except ValueError:
        print('That item was not found in the list.')
main()
```

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#### Lists and Tuples



# List Methods: insert() def main(): names = ['James', 'Kathryn', 'Bill'] print('The list before the insert:') print(names) names.insert(0, 'Joe') print('The list after the insert:') print(names) main()

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### Lists and Tuples



#### Question 2. Using List Elements in a Math Expression (15 minutes)

Megan owns a small neighborhood coffee shop, and she has six employees who work as baristas (coffee bartenders). All of the employees have the same hourly pay rate. Megan has asked you to design a program that will allow her to enter the number of hours worked by each employee, then display the amounts of all the employees' gross pay. You determine the program should perform the following steps:

- For each employee: get the number of hours worked and store it in a list element.
- 2 For each list element: use the value stored in the element to calculate an employee's gross pay. Display the amount of the gross pay.

## Lists and Tuples



```
List Methods: remove()
def main():
    food = ['Pizza', 'Burgers', 'Chips']
    print('Here are the items in the food list:')
    print(food)
    item = input('Which item should I remove? ')
    try:
        food.remove(item)
        print('Here is the revised list:')
        print(food)
    except ValueError:
        print('That item was not found in the list.')
main()
```

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# Lists and Tuples



```
Solution 2
NUM EMPLOYEES = 6
def main():
    hours = [0] * NUM EMPLOYEES
    for index in range(NUM_EMPLOYEES):
        print('Enter the hours worked by employee ', \
              index + 1, ': ', sep='', end='')
        hours[index] = float(input())
    pay rate = float(input('Enter the hourly pay rate: '))
    for index in range(NUM EMPLOYEES):
        gross pay = hours[index] * pay rate
        print('Gross pay for employee ', index + 1, ': $', \
              format(gross pay, ',.2f'), sep='')
main()
```

#### Lists and Tuples



#### Question 3. Processing a List (15 minutes)

Dr. LaClaire gives a series of exams during the semester in her chemistry class. At the end of the semester, she drops each student's lowest test score before averaging the scores. She has asked you to design a program that will read a student's test scores as input and calculate the average with the lowest score dropped. Here is the algorithm that you developed:

- Get the student's test scores.
- Calculate the total of the scores.
- Find the lowest score.
- Subtract the lowest score from the total. This gives the adjusted total.
- Divide the adjusted total by 1 less than the number of test scores. This is the average.
- Display the average.

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### Lists and Tuples



```
Solution 3 - Part 2/3
def get_scores():
    test_scores = []
    again = 'v'
    while again == 'y':
        value = float(input('Enter a test score: '))
        test scores.append(value)
        print('Do you want to add another score?')
        again = input('y = yes, anything else = no: ')
        print()
    return test scores
```

## Lists and Tuples



```
Solution 3 - Part 1/3
def main():
    scores = get_scores()
    total = get_total(scores)
    lowest = min(scores)
    total -= lowest
    average = total / (len(scores) - 1)
    print('The average, with the lowest score dropped', \
           'is:', average)
```

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# Lists and Tuples

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#### Solution 3 - Part 3/3

```
def get total(value list):
    total = 0.0
    for num in value_list:
        total += num
    return total
main()
```







Aforementioned contents are adapted from the book:

• 'Starting out with Python' written by Tony Gaddis.

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