

Introduction to Solar Energy

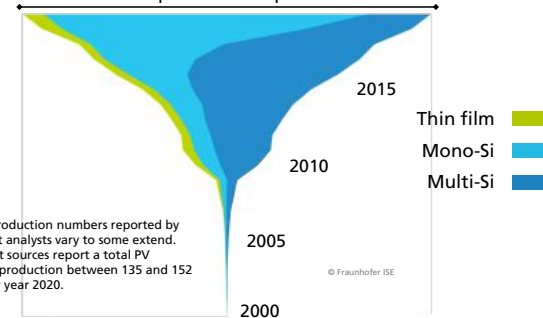
Status and prospects of PV technology

Professor Arno Smets



Annual PV Production by Technology Worldwide (in GWp)

About 150* GWp PV module production in 2020



*2020 production numbers reported by different analysts vary to some extent. Different sources report a total PV module production between 135 and 152 GWp for year 2020.

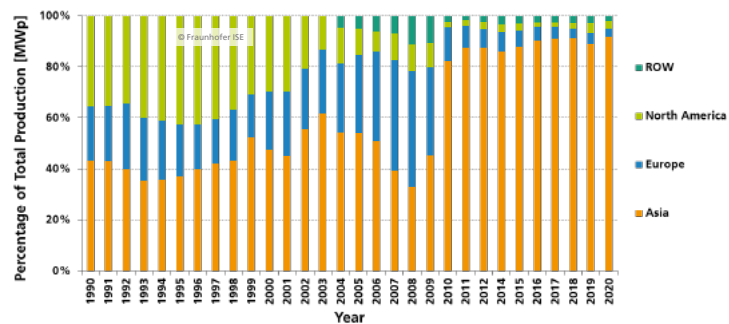
Data: from 2000 to 2009: Navigant; from 2010: IHS Markit. Graph: PSE Projects GmbH 2021

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PV Module Production by Region 1990-2020 Percentage of Total MWp Produced



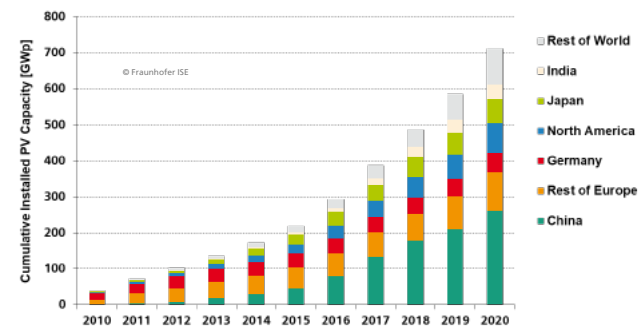
Data: Up to 2004 Strategies Unlimited; 2005 to 2009: Navigant Consulting; since 2010: IHS Markit. Graph: PSE Projects GmbH 2021

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Global Cumulative PV Installation From 2010 to 2020

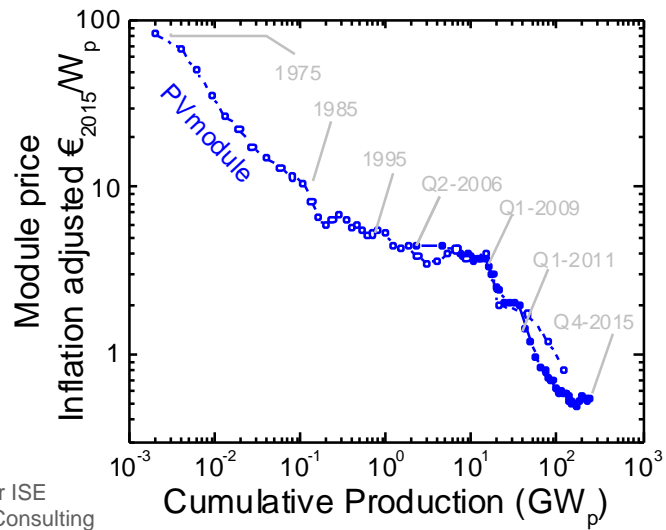


Data: IRENA 2021. Graph: PSE Projects GmbH 2021

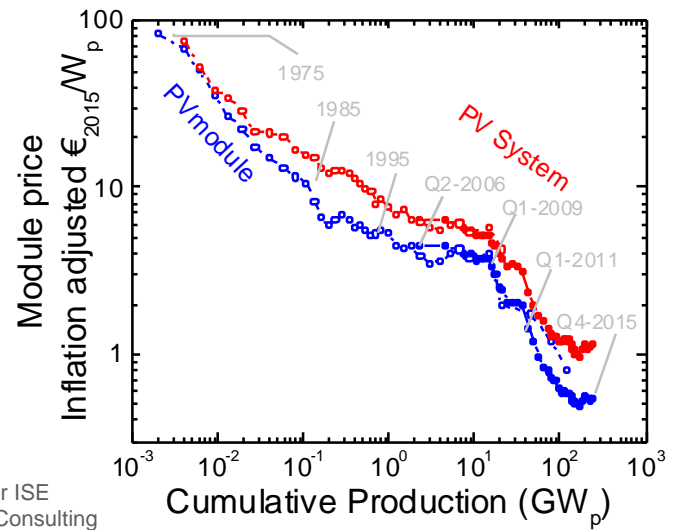
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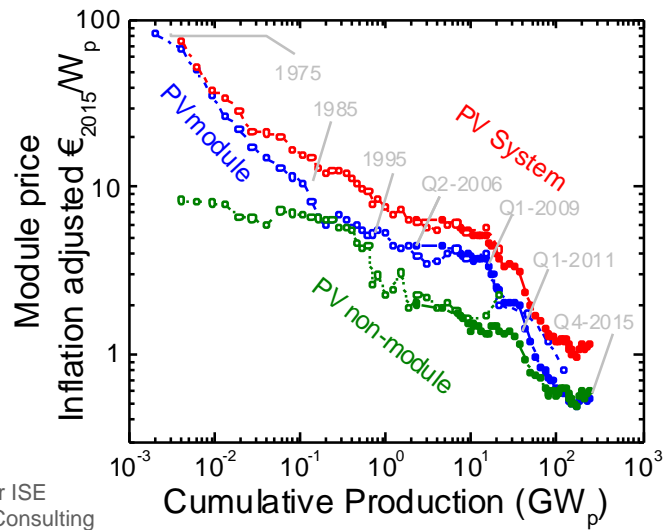




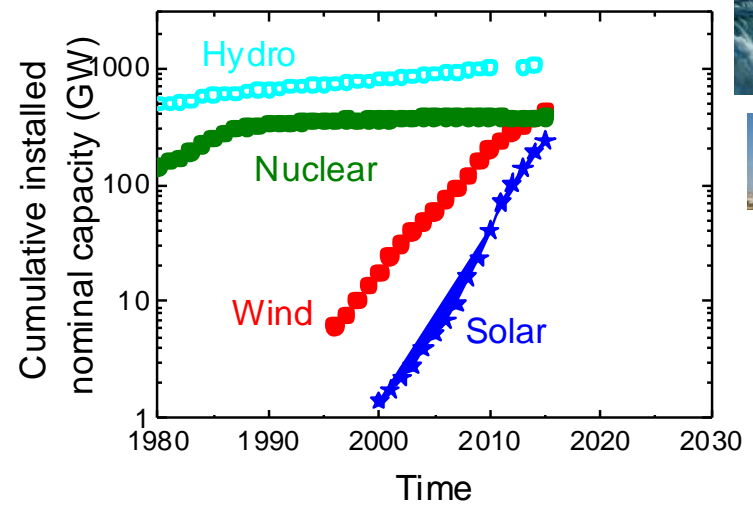
Source:
Fraunhofer ISE
Navigant Consulting

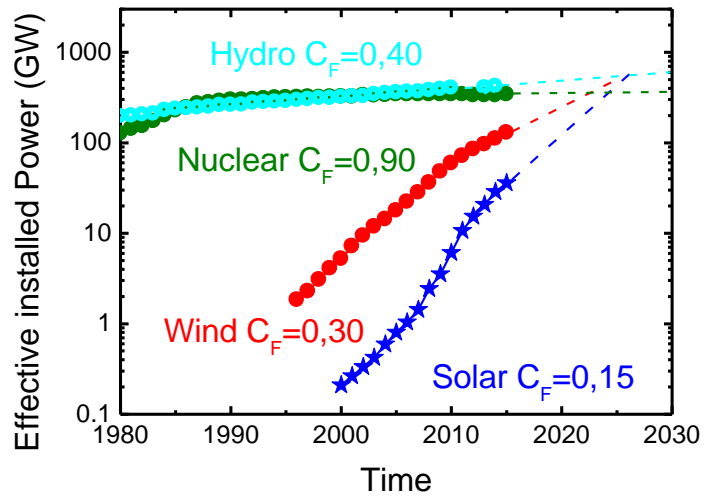


Source:
Fraunhofer ISE
Navigant Consulting



Source:
Fraunhofer ISE
Navigant Consulting





Introduction to Solar Energy

The PV cell

Professor Arno Smets



Longyangxia Dam Solar Park
Installed capacity: 850 MW_p



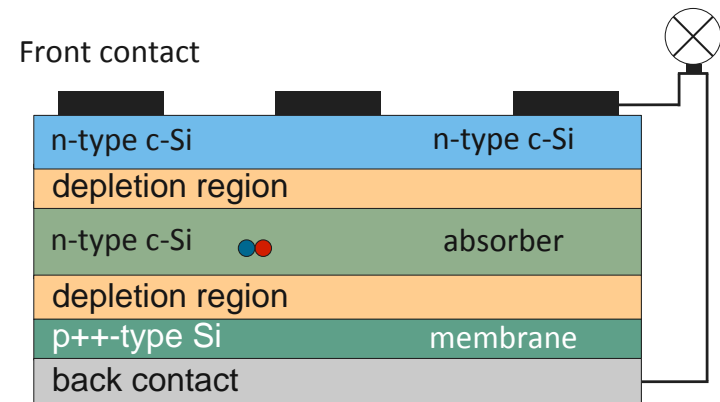
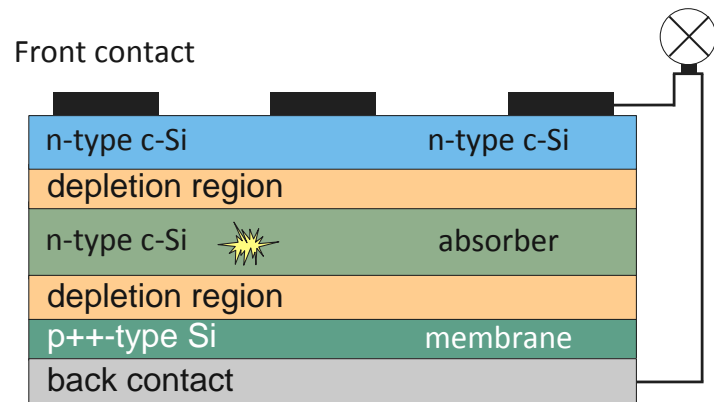
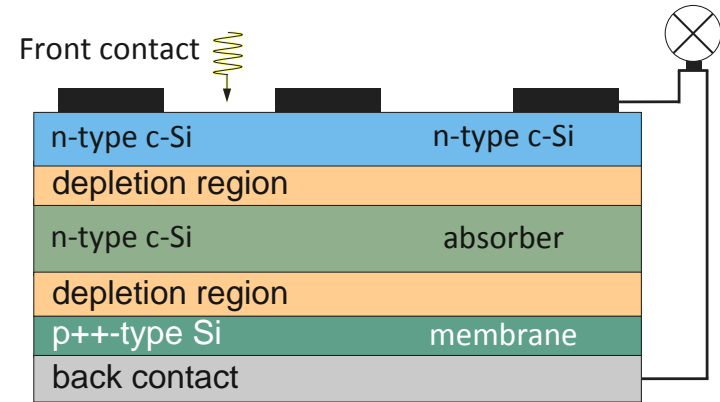
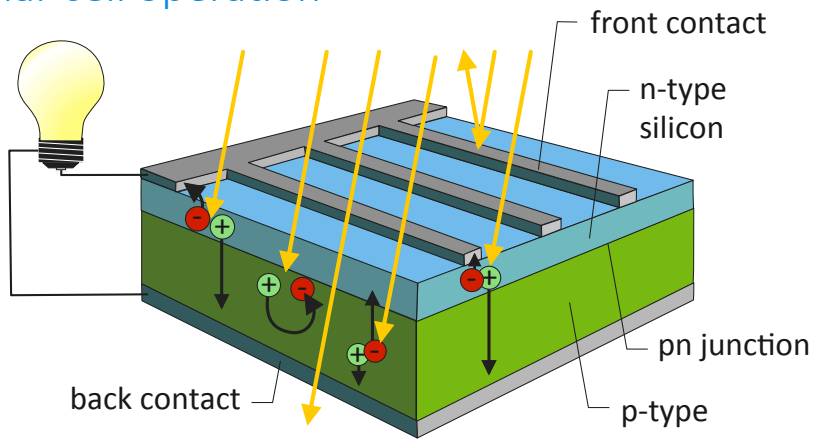
Silicon ingots

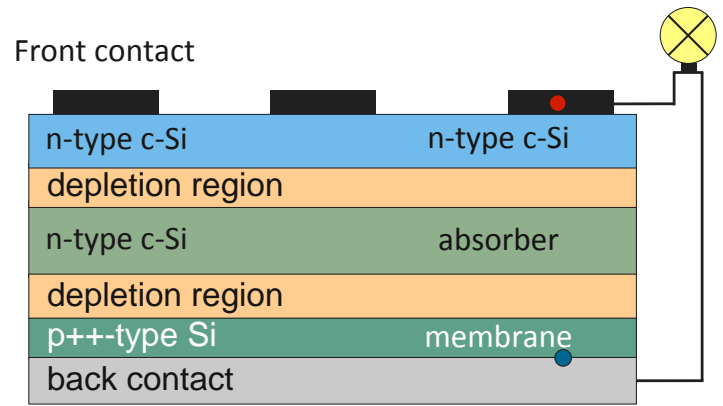


Solar Cell

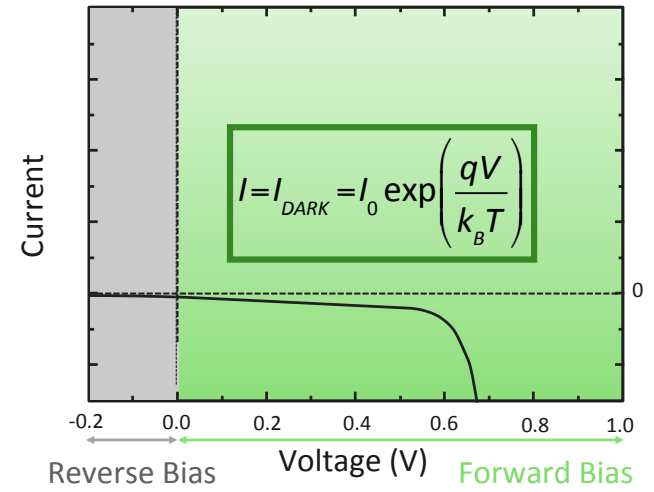


Solar cell operation

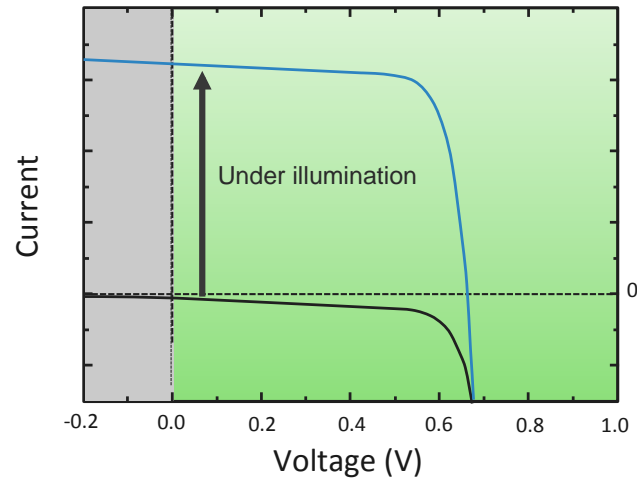




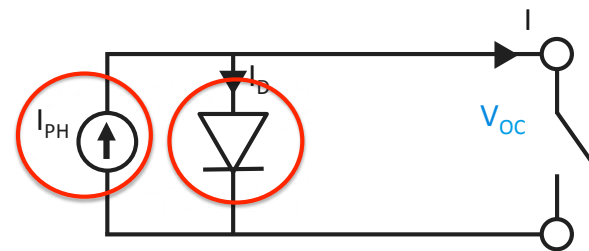
Basic IV-Curve



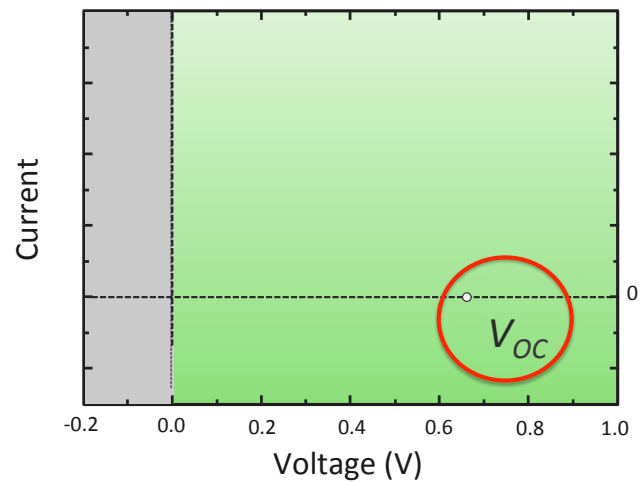
Basic IV-Curve



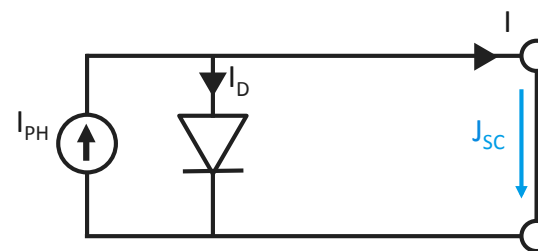
Open circuit voltage V_{oc}



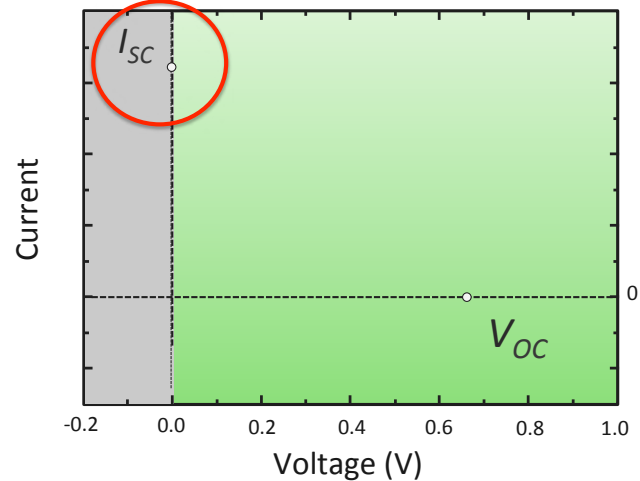
Basic IV-Curve



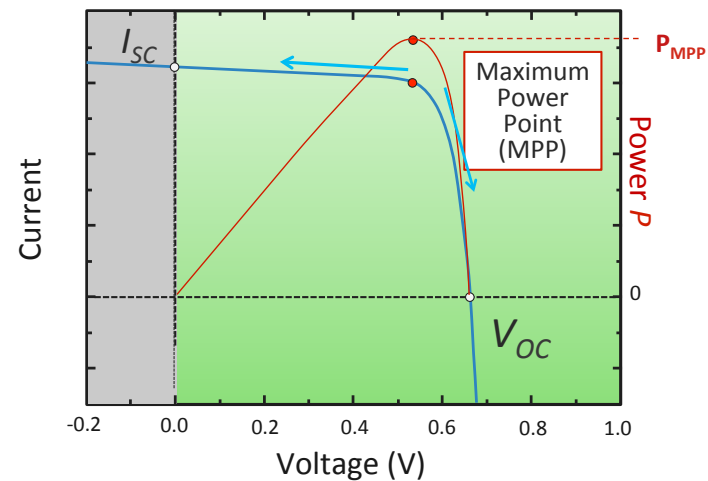
Short circuit current J_{sc}



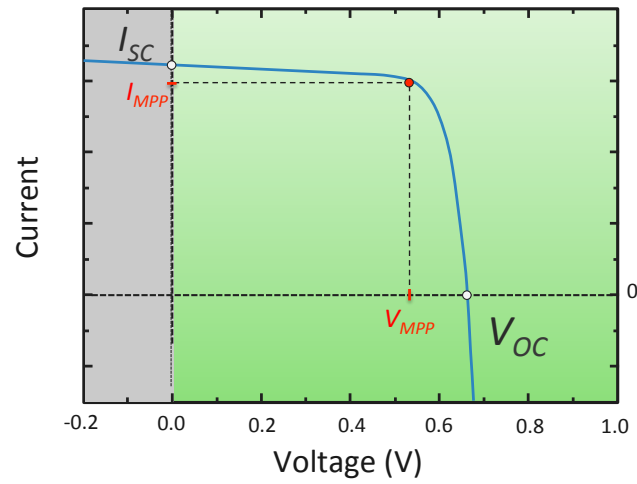
Basic IV-Curve



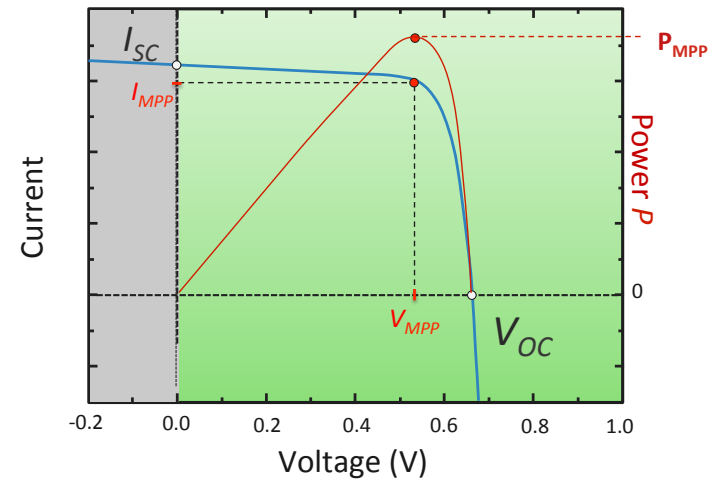
Basic IV-Curve



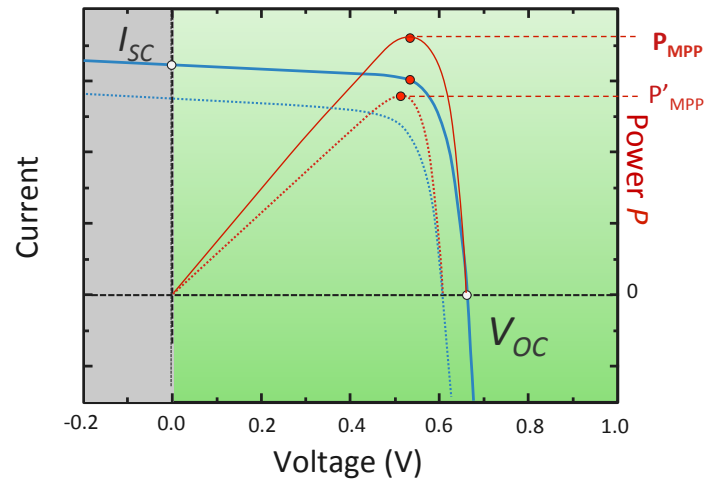
Basic IV-Curve



Basic IV-Curve

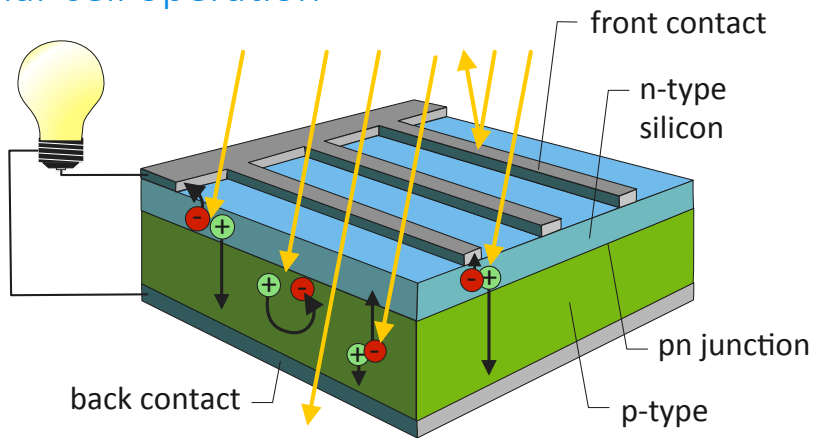


Shift of MPP



$$\text{Efficiency} = \frac{P_{mpp}}{P_{in}}$$

Solar cell operation



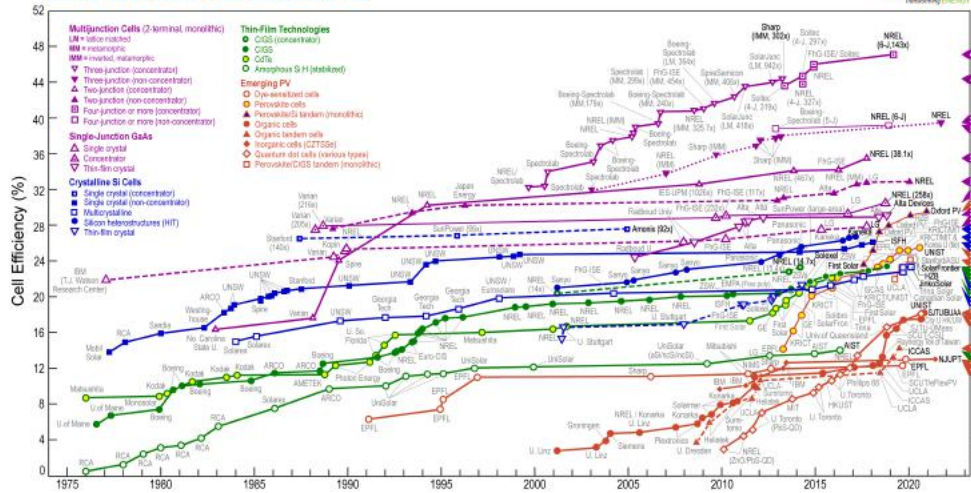
Introduction to Solar Energy

PV technologies

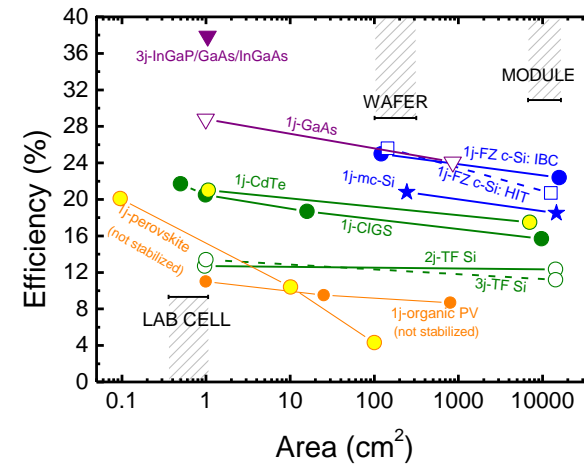
Professor Arno Smets



Best Research-Cell Efficiencies

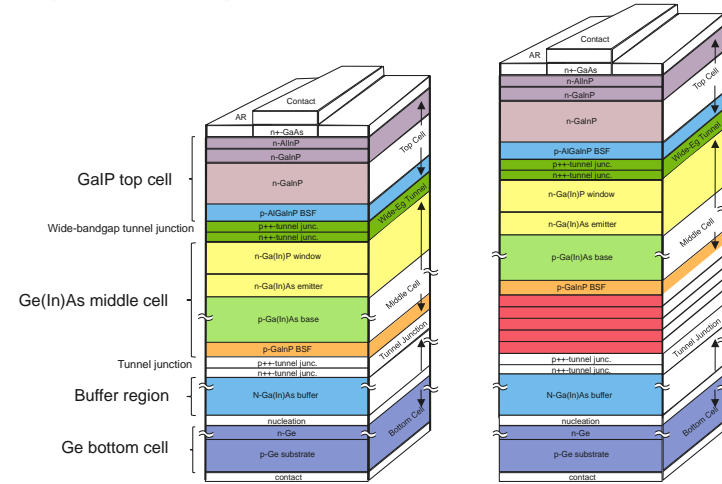


Records? Let's scale it up...





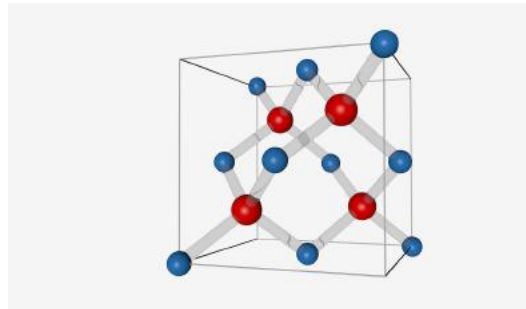
Top Efficiency Solar Cells – Multi Junction Devices



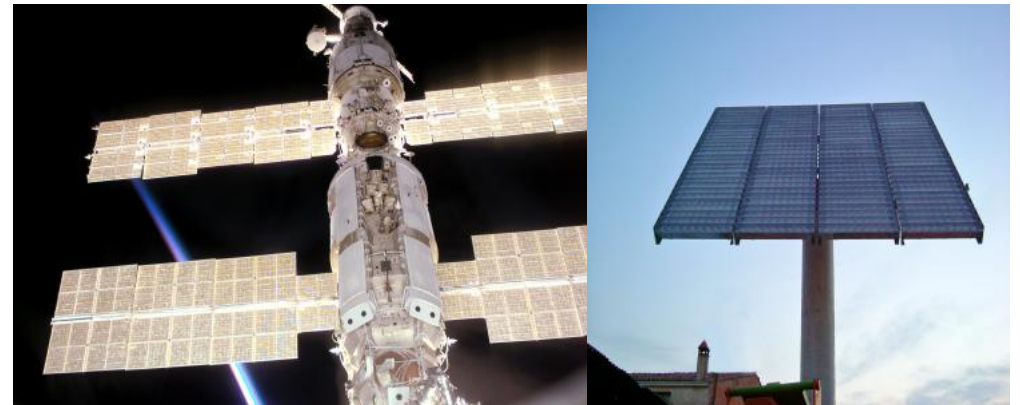
Courtesy: Richard King
Spectro Labs

III-V Semiconductor Materials

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--|--|----------------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | | VIIIA 2 He 4.0026 |
| | | IIIA 5 B 10.811 | IVA 6 C 12.011 | VA 7 N 14.007 | VIA 8 O 15.999 | VIIA 9 F 18.998 | | | | 10 Ne 20.180 |
| | | 13 Al 26.981 | 14 Si 28.086 | 15 P 30.974 | 16 S 32.065 | 17 Cl 35.453 | 18 Ar 39.948 | | | |
| IB 29 Cu 63.546 | IIB 30 Zn 65.38 | 31 Ga 69.723 | 32 Ge 72.64 | 33 As 74.922 | 34 Se 78.96 | 35 Br 79.904 | 36 Kr 83.798 | | | |
| 47 Ag 107.87 | 48 Cd 112.41 | 49 In 114.82 | 50 Sn 118.71 | 51 Sb 121.76 | 52 Te 127.60 | 53 I 126.90 | 54 Xe 131.29 | | | |
| 79 Au 196.97 | 80 Hg 200.59 | 81 Tl 204.38 | 82 Pb 207.2 | 83 Bi 208.98 | 84 Po [209] | 85 At [210] | 86 Rn [222] | | | |



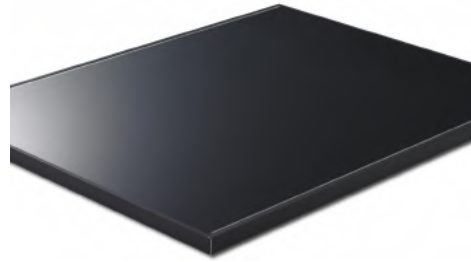
III – V PV Technology Application



Thin Film PV modules: *glass encapsulated*

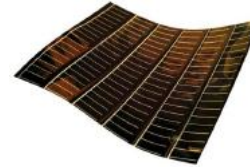


CdTe (First Solar)



CIGS(Solar Frontier)

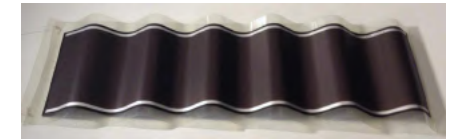
Thin Film PV modules: *Flexible*



CdTe
EMPA
Switzerland

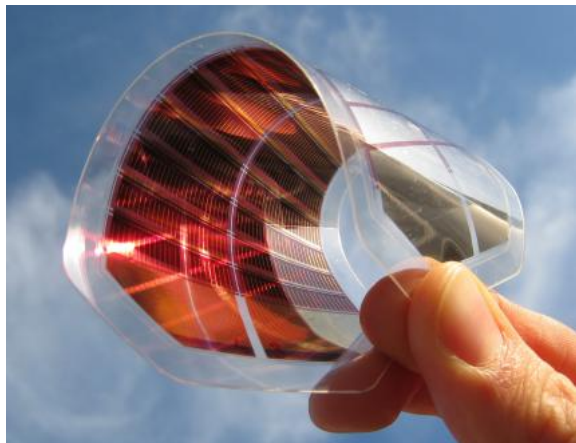


CIGS
MiaSolé

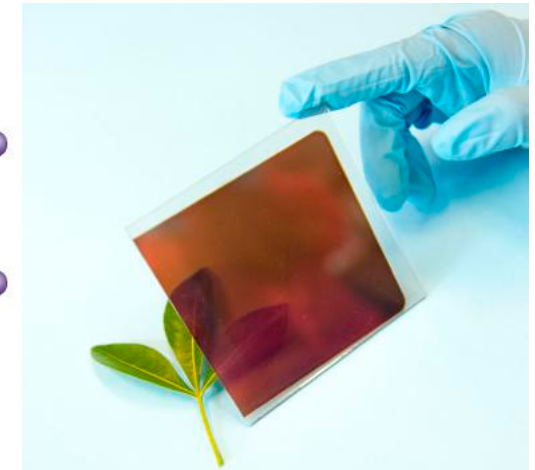
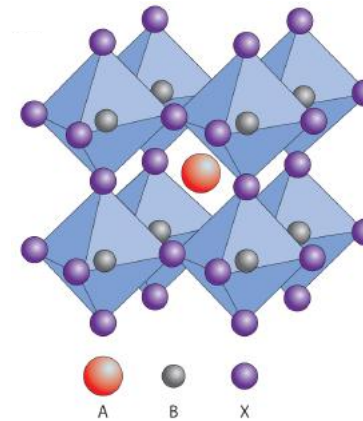


Thin-film silicon
HyET Solar

Organic Solar Cells



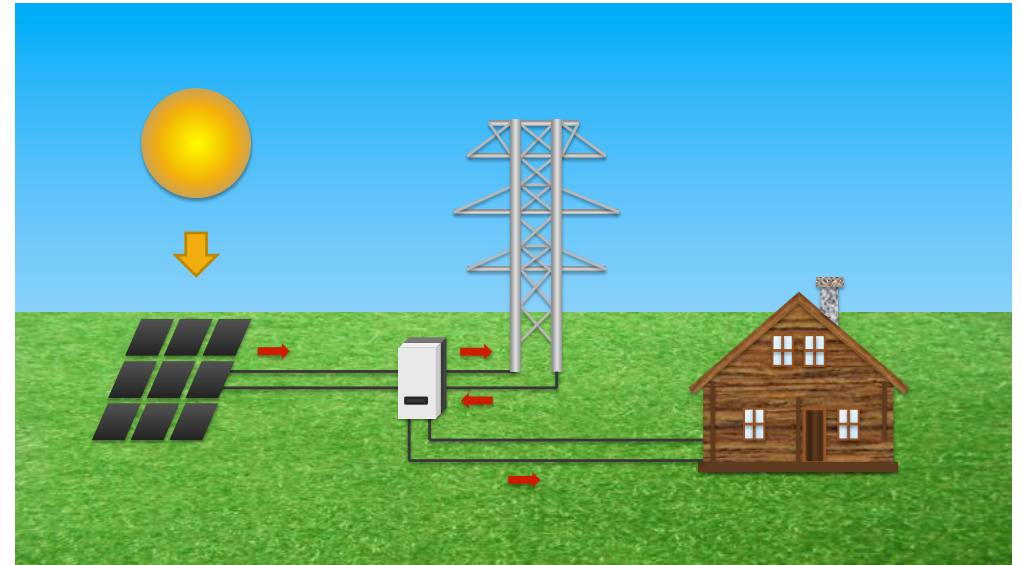
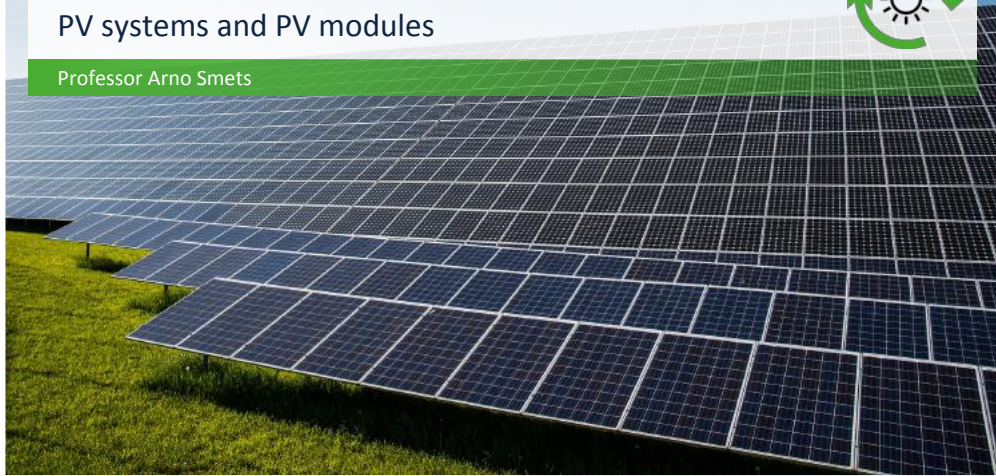
Perovskites



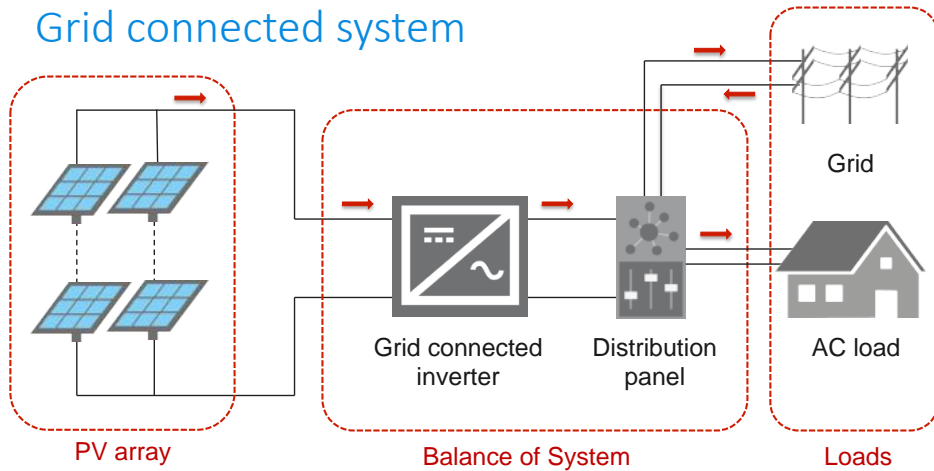
Introduction to Solar Energy

PV systems and PV modules

Professor Arno Smets



Grid connected system

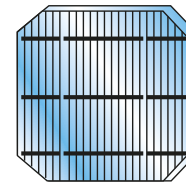


Solar Cell



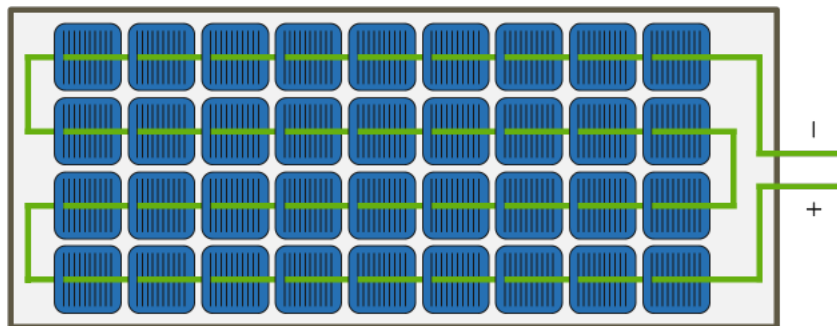
PV modules

From a solar cell to an array: 'modularity'

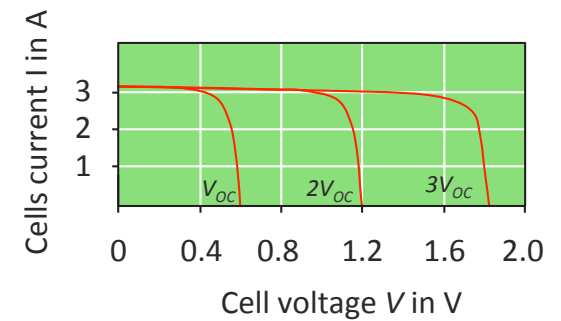
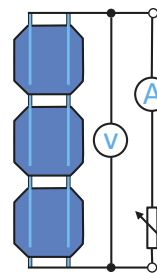


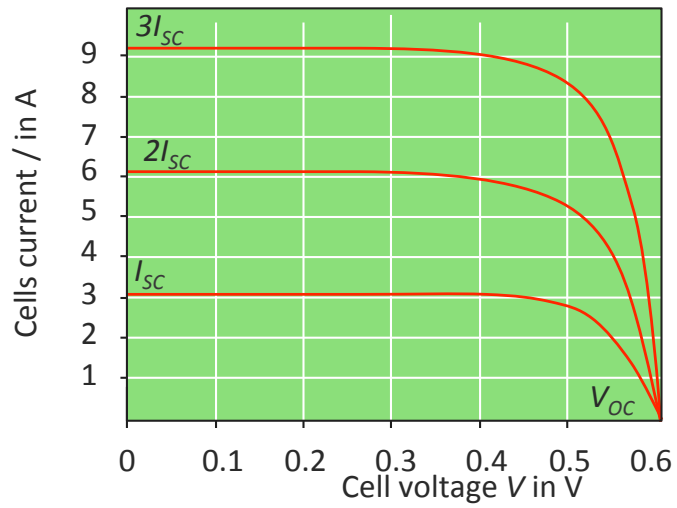
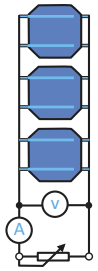
Cell

PV cell, module and array



Series connection

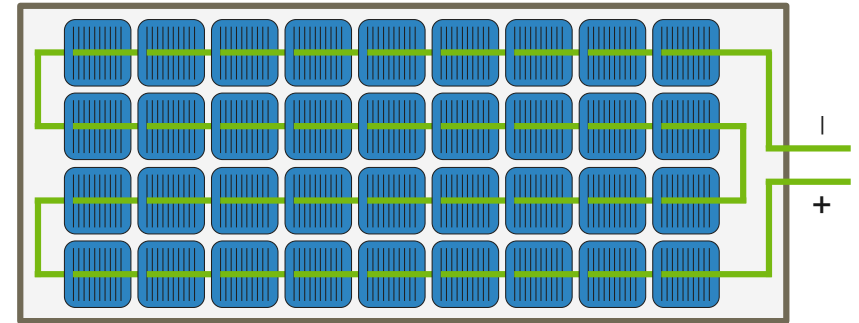




Modules

$$V_{OCcell} = 0.6 \text{ V} \quad V_{OCmodule} = 21.6 \text{ V}$$

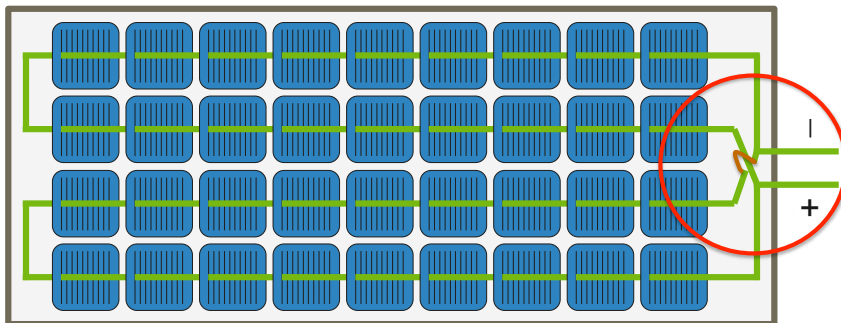
$$I_{SCcell} = 5 \text{ A} \quad I_{SCmodule} = 5 \text{ A}$$



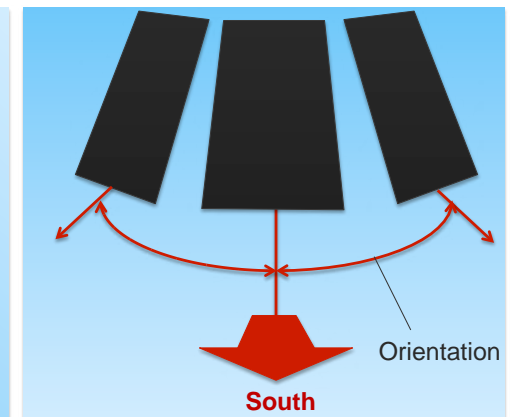
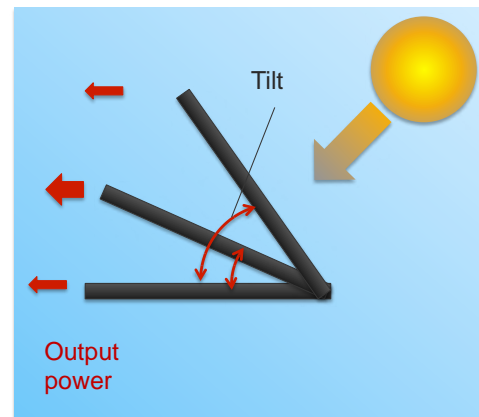
Modules

$$V_{OCcell} = 0.6 \text{ V} \quad V_{OCmodule} = 10.8 \text{ V}$$

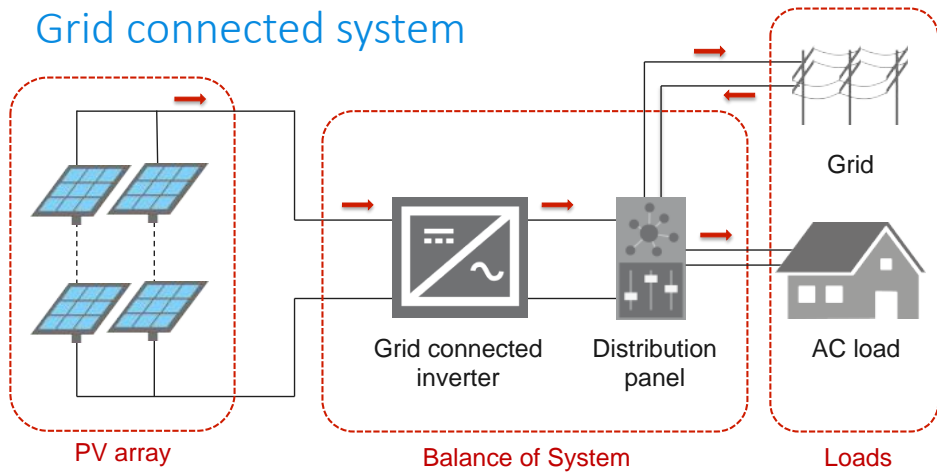
$$I_{SCcell} = 5 \text{ A} \quad I_{SCmodule} = 10 \text{ A}$$



Tilt and orientation



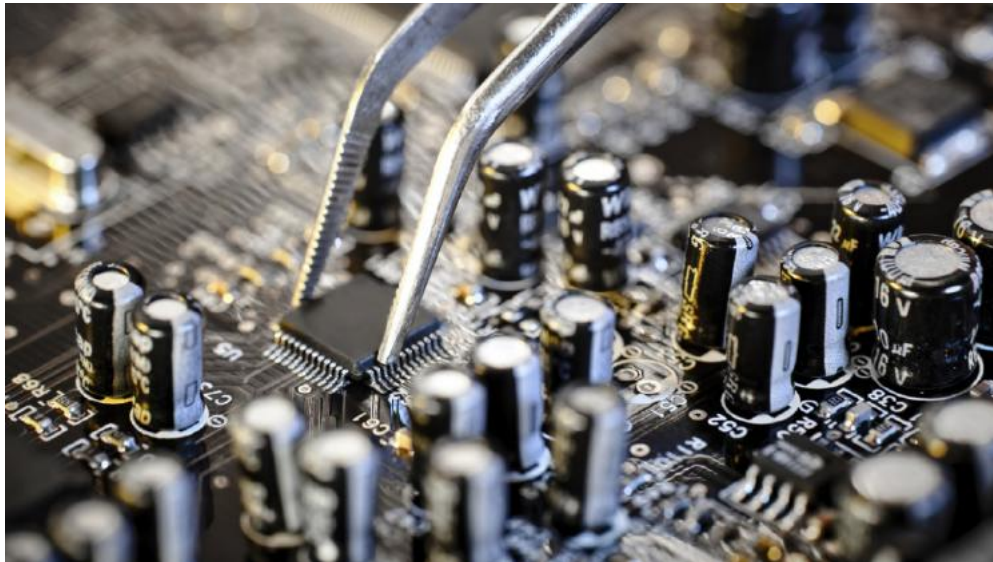
Grid connected system



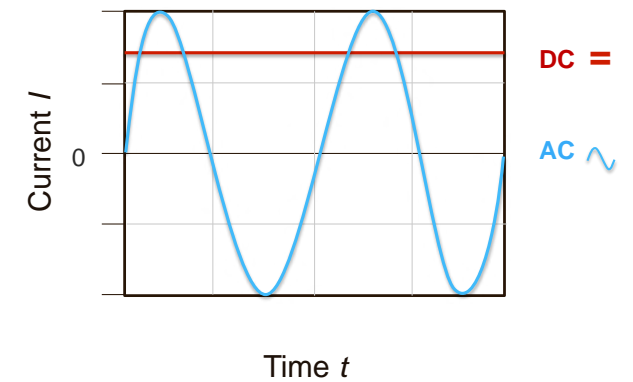
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The Inverter and MPPT

Professor Arno Smets

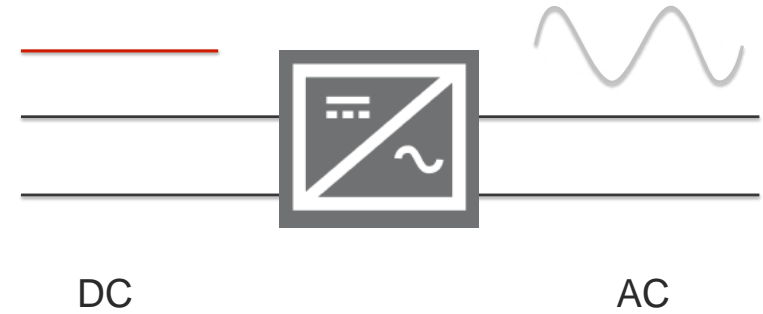


DC and AC current

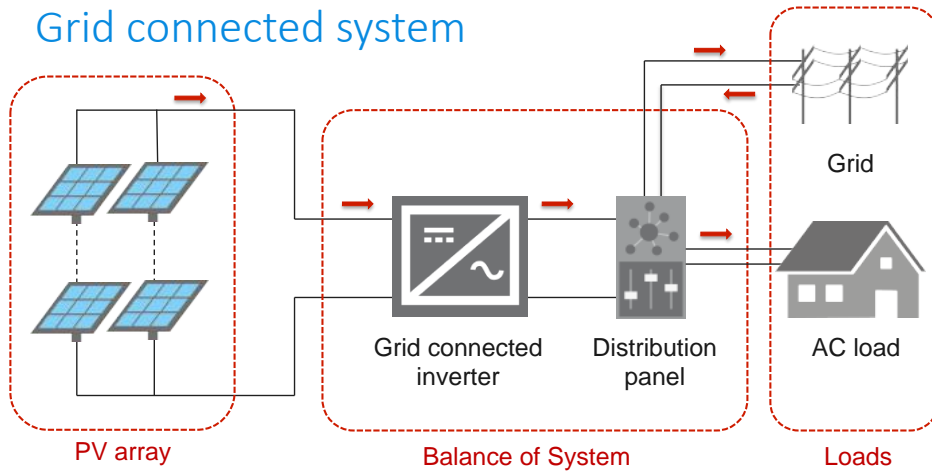




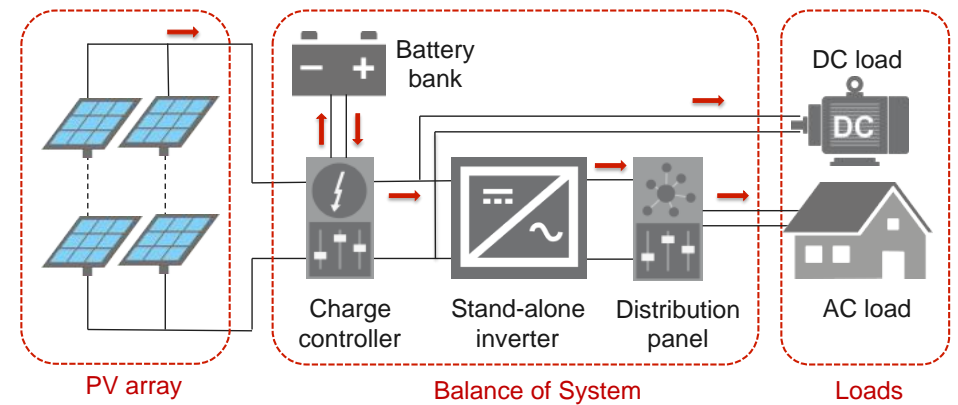
Inverter



Grid connected system

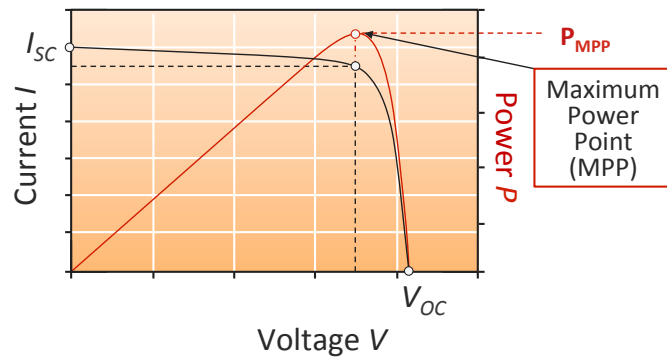


Off-grid system

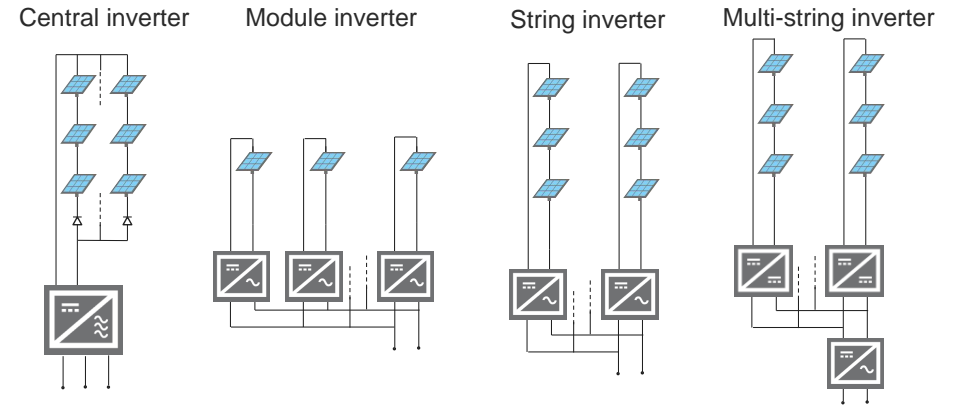




Maximum Power Point Tracking



Implementation topologies



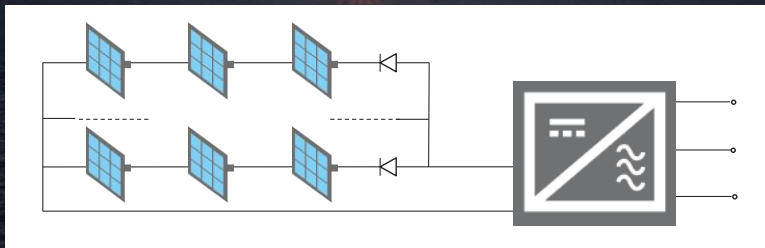
Central inverter

Pros

- Initial investment
- Maintenance
- Design and implementation

Cons

- DC wiring cost
- Shading performance loss



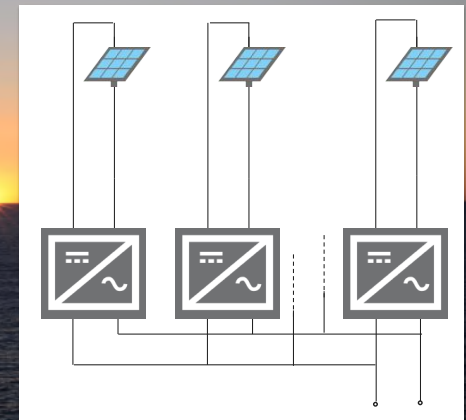
Module inverter

Pros

- Performance loss mitigation
- DC wiring cost
- Design

Cons

- Initial investment
- Maintenance



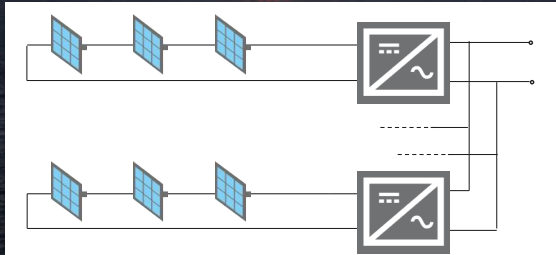
String inverter

Pros

- Performance loss mitigation

Cons

- Design and Implementation
- Initial investment
- Maintenance



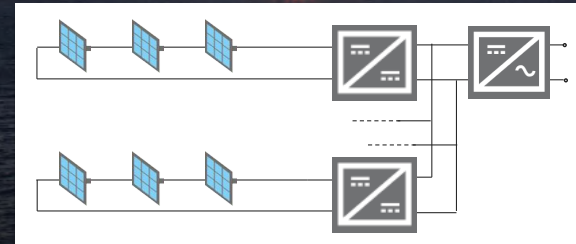
Multi-string inverter

Pros

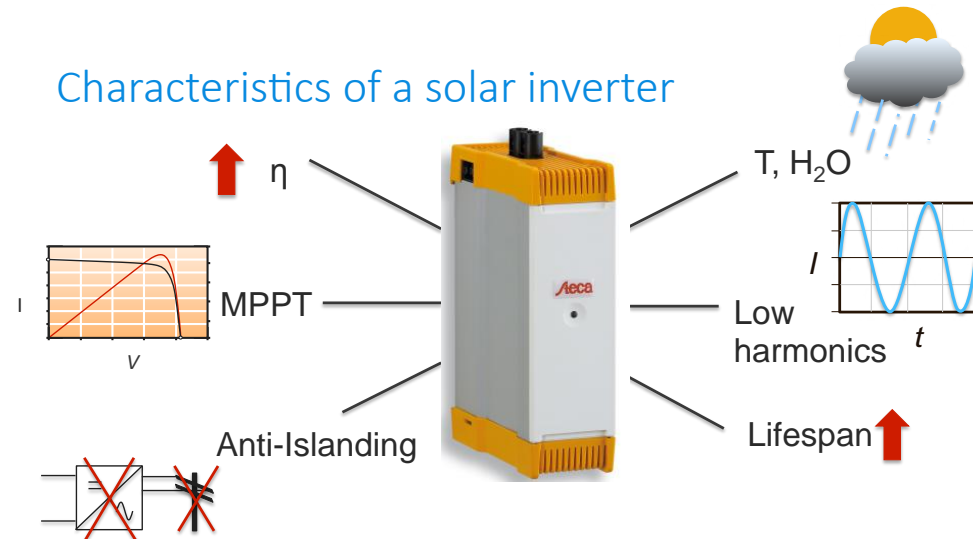
- Performance loss mitigation
- Initial investment

Cons

- Design and Implementation
- Maintenance



Characteristics of a solar inverter



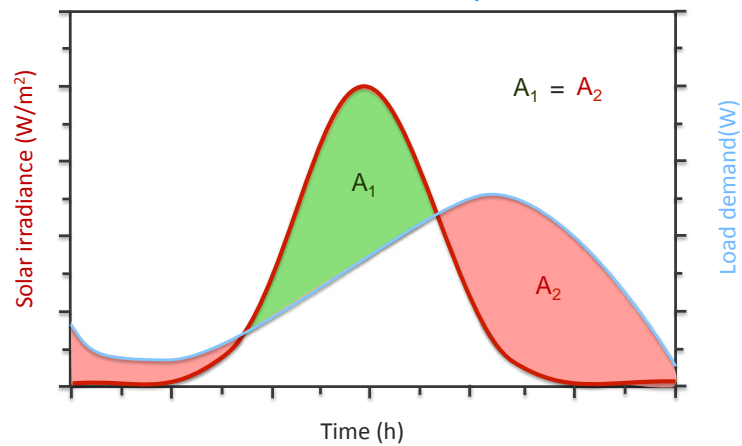
Introduction to Solar Energy

Batteries

Professor Arno Smets



Solar irradiance and demand profile



Types of batteries



Primary

Zinc carbon
Alkaline



Secondary

Lead Acid
Lithium ion



Secondary batteries

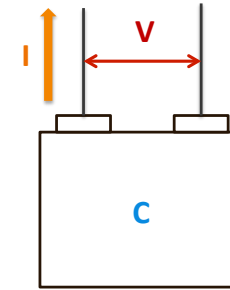
Lead acid batteries



Lithium-ion batteries



Battery characteristics



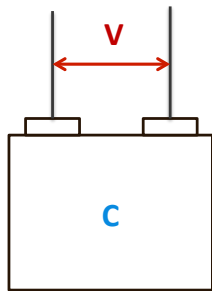
Rated voltage: 12V, 24V, 48V

Rated capacity: Ah, mAh

Rated current: A, mA



Battery characteristics

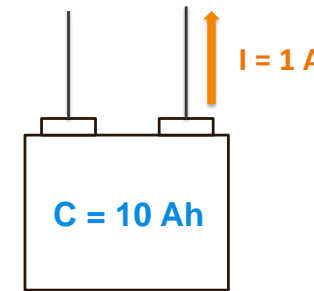


$$E_{\text{battery}} = C_{\text{battery}} \cdot V$$

$$[Wh] = [Ah] \cdot [V]$$

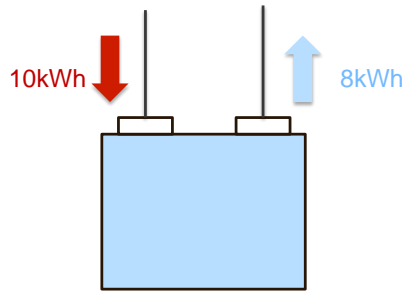


Significance of Amp hours



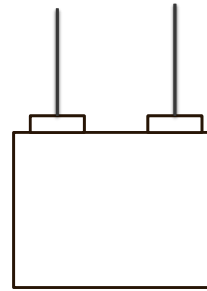
$$\frac{10 \text{ Ah}}{1 \text{ A}} = 10 \text{ h}$$

Efficiency of storage



$$\eta = \frac{E_{out}}{E_{in}} \cdot 100$$
$$\eta = \frac{8 \text{ kWh}}{10 \text{ kWh}} \cdot 100 = 80\%$$

Battery efficiency

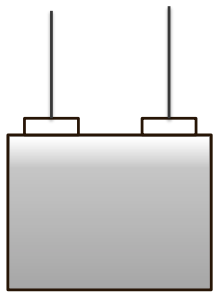


$$\eta_V = \frac{V_{discharge}}{V_{charge}} \cdot 100$$

$$\eta_C = \frac{Q_{discharge}}{Q_{charge}} \cdot 100$$

$$\eta_{batt} = \eta_V \cdot \eta_C = \frac{V_{discharge} \cdot Q_{discharge}}{V_{charge} Q_{charge}} \cdot 100$$

SOC and DOD



$$SOC = \frac{E_{battery}}{C_{battery} \cdot V}$$

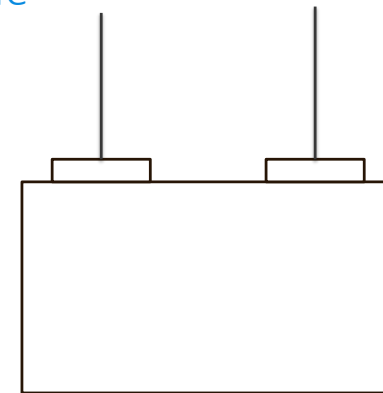
$$10 \text{ Ah} - 2 \text{ Ah} = 8 \text{ Ah} \rightarrow SOC = 80\%$$

$$\rightarrow DOD = 20\%$$

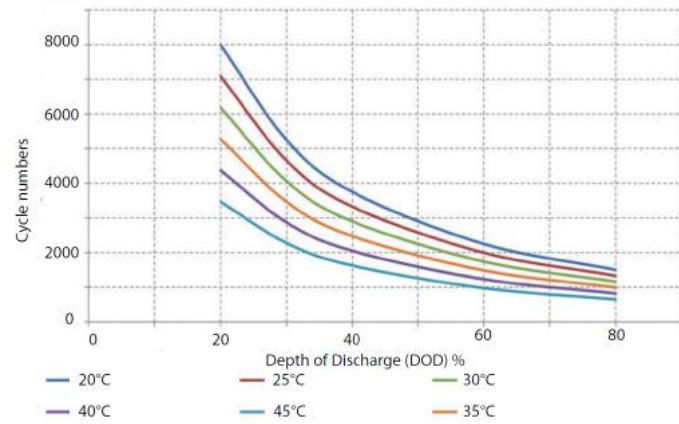
$$DOD = \frac{C_{battery} \cdot V - E_{battery}}{C_{battery} \cdot V}$$



Cycle life



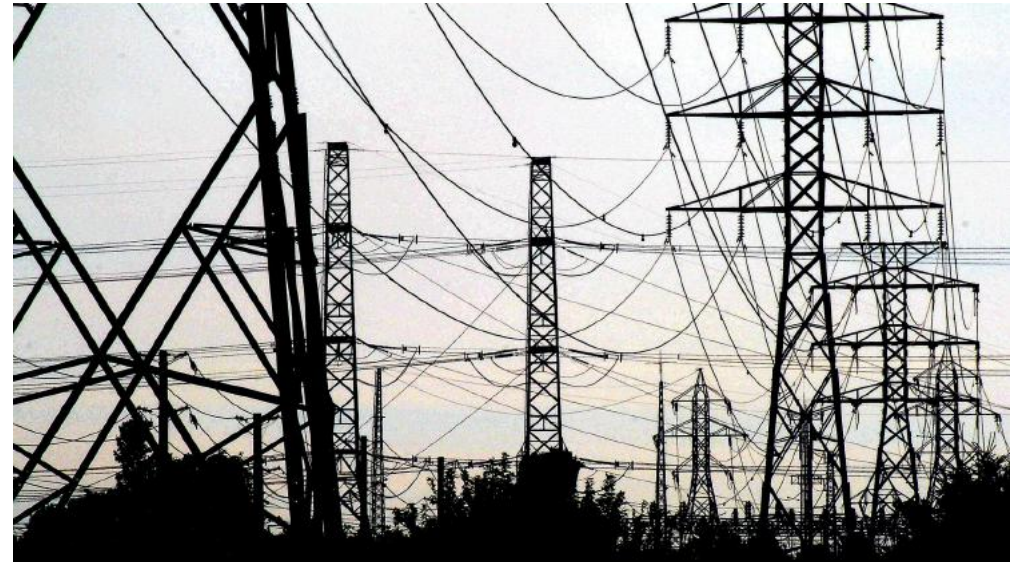
Cycle life vs. DOD



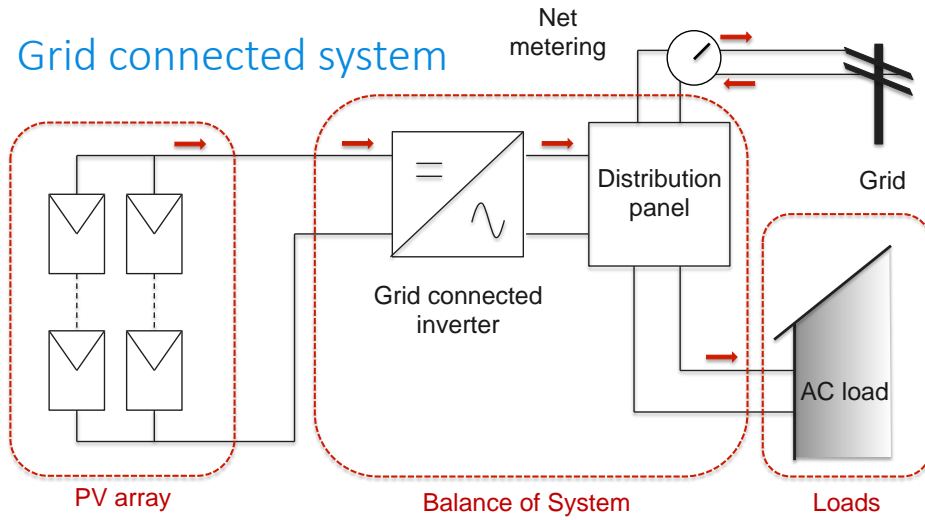
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Design rules

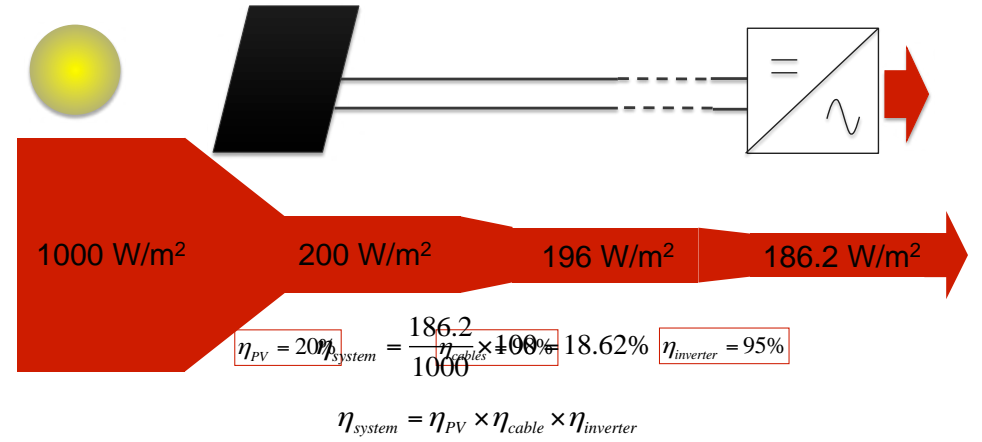
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Grid connected system



Grid connected system



Sizing Example – Load



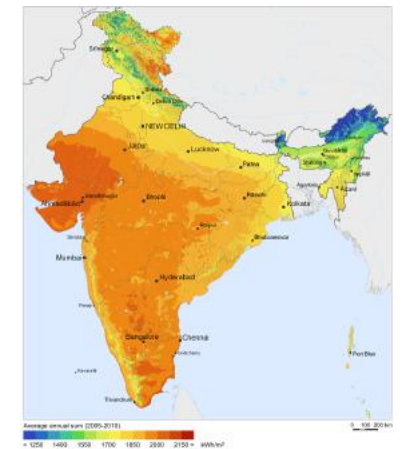
| Item | Quantity | Power per item (W) | Total power (W) | Time of use (h) | Total energy (Wh) |
|--------------|----------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| Light | 4 | 25 | 100 | 4 | 400 |
| TV | 1 | 100 | 100 | 5 | 500 |
| Desktop | 1 | 100 | 100 | 9 | 900 |
| TOTAL | | | 300 | | 1800 |

Sizing example - Irradiation

Equivalent sun hours



~4.5 h/day



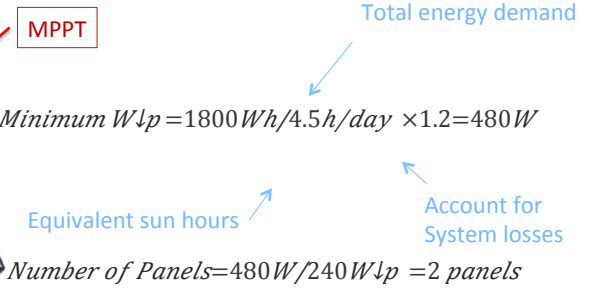
Sizing example – PV panels



| Panel specifications | |
|----------------------|-----|
| Power output (Wp) | 240 |
| V _{MPP} (V) | 48 |
| I _{MPP} (A) | 5 |
| V _{OC} (V) | 60 |
| I _{SC} (A) | 6 |

?

Sizing example – PV panels

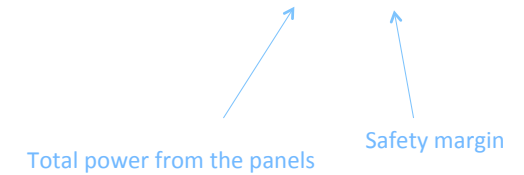


Sizing example – Grid connection

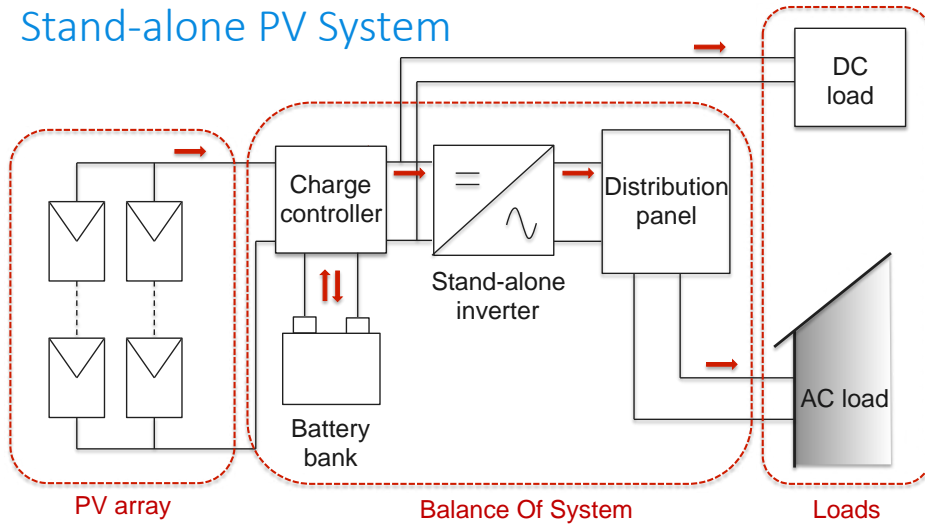


Sizing example - Inverter

Minimum Nominal Power Rating = $480 W \times 1.2 = 576 W$



Stand-alone PV System



Sizing example – Charge controller



Steca Solarix MPPT Charge Controller

Parallel

$$\text{Maximum current} = 6A \times 2 = 12A$$

Series

$$\text{Maximum Voltage} = 60V \times 2 = 120V$$

Short circuit current

Open circuit voltage

Sizing example – Charge controller



Steca Solarix MPPT Charge Controller

| Charge controller specifications | | < Max I |
|----------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Maximum voltage (V) | 140 | |
| Maximum current (A) | 10 | |
| Operational voltage | 12V/24V | |
| MPPT | Yes | |

Operational Voltage

Panels in Series

Sizing example – Battery sizing



Batteries : Hoppeke

Battery specifications

| | |
|-----------------------|-----|
| Depth of discharge | 60% |
| Battery voltage (V) | 12 |
| Battery capacity (Ah) | 100 |

?

Sizing example – Battery sizing



Batteries: Hoppeke

$$\text{Minimum } C\downarrow\text{batt} = 1800 \text{ Wh} / 0.6 \times 24 \text{ V} \times 1.2 \times 2 = 300 \text{ Ah}$$

Total energy demand
 Days of autonomy

$$\text{Number of batteries in series} = \frac{24 \text{ V}}{12 \text{ V}} = 2 \text{ batteries}$$

Depth of discharge
 Account for System losses

$$\text{Number of batteries in parallel} = 300 \text{ Ah} / 100 \text{ Ah} = 3 \text{ batteries}$$

Operational voltage of the system

Number of batteries = 3 × 2 = 6 batteries

Sizing example - Inverter



| Inverter specifications | |
|-------------------------|---------|
| Efficiency | 96% |
| Operational voltage | 12V/24V |

?

Sizing example - Inverter



| Inverter specifications | |
|-------------------------|---------|
| Efficiency | 96% |
| Operational voltage | 12V/24V |

$$\text{Minimum Nominal Power Rating} = \frac{300 \text{ W}}{0.96} = 312.5 \text{ W}$$

Total power demand
 Inverter efficiency



Introduction to Solar Energy

Policy and Price

Professor Arno Smets



Payback period

Investment cost

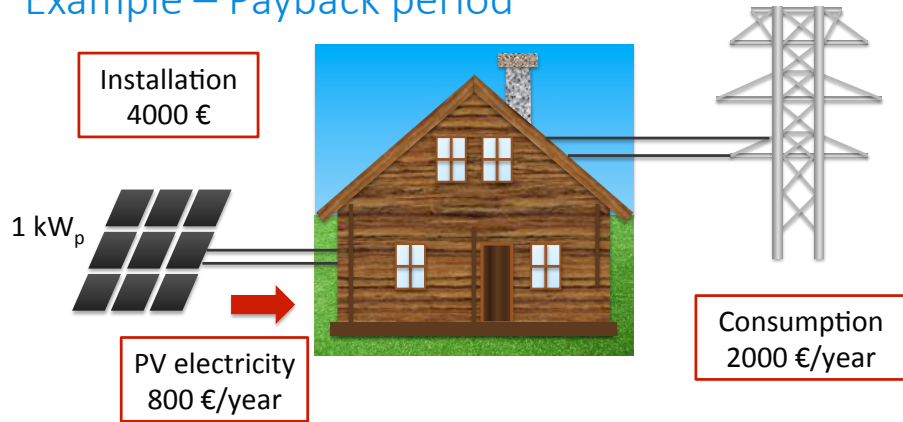


Returns

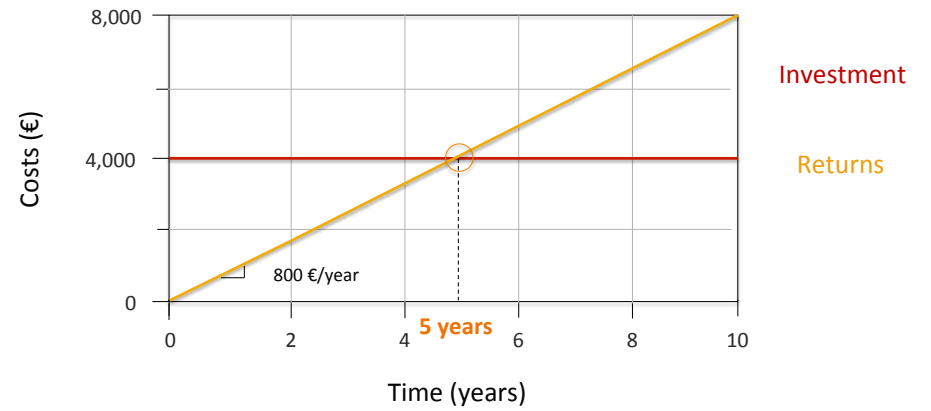


$$\text{Payback period} = \frac{\text{Investment cost}}{\text{Returns/year}}$$

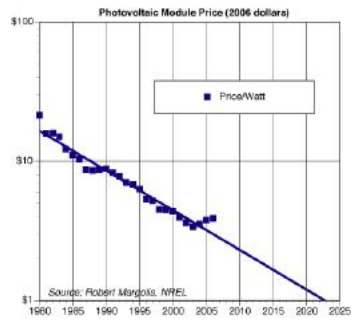
Example – Payback period



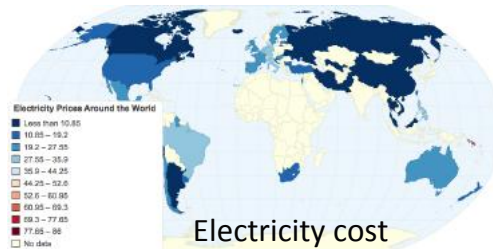
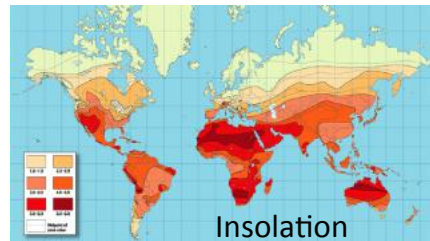
Example – Payback period



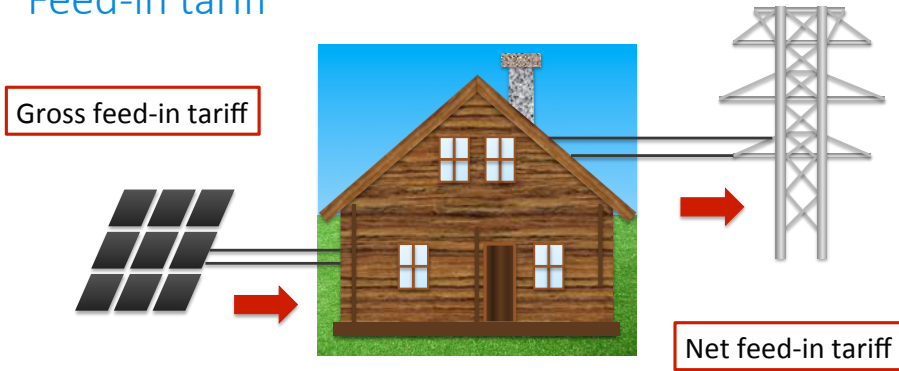
Location dependency



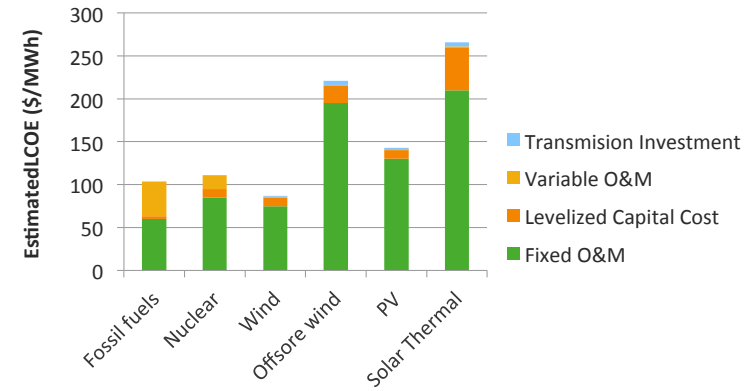
PV system cost



Feed-in tariff



Levelized cost of electricity (LCOE)



Energy Information Administration

Levelized cost of electricity (LCOE)

$$LCOE = \frac{I_0 + \sum_{t=1}^N \frac{A_t}{(1+i)^t}}{\sum_{t=1}^N \frac{E_t}{(1+i)^t}}$$

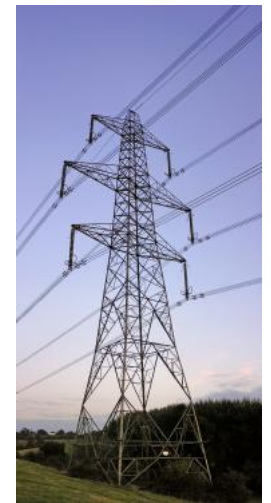
A_t = Total annual cost in year t

I_0 = Initial investment

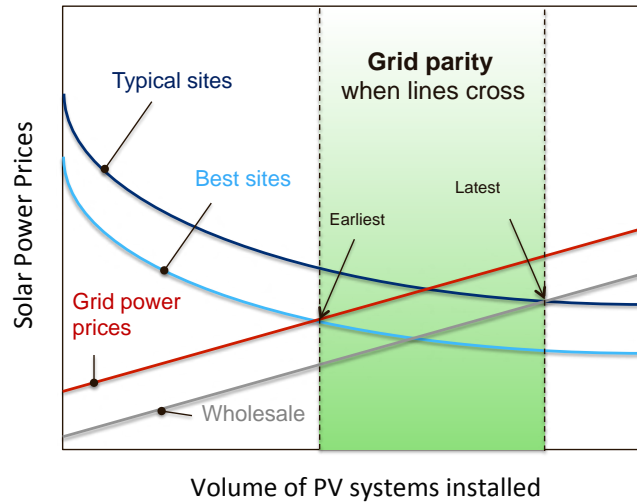
E_t = Annual energy yield

i = Discount rate

Grid parity



Grid parity



Practical Handbook of Photovoltaics

Thank you for your attention!

